

LIVE TEMPLATE OF JOURNAL COMMUNICATION AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

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Abstract—Firstly and most importantly, you, as the contributor, should not change any format of this live template. You should only change the template contents. The abstract should be written in accordance with the following guidance: about 250 words, one paragraph, and containing: research background, method(s), results, and conclusions. The abstract should be self reliance, readers should be able to understand the abstract without consulting the remainders of the article.

Keywords: Keyword 1; Keyword 2; Keyword 3; Keyword 4

I. INTRODUCTION

This template is adapted from IEEE conference proceedings template. However, some adjustments are made to suit the need of Communication and Information Technology Journal or CommIT Journal.

In this section, the author(s) should be able to describe clearly justification of the research, following by research background, and closing by research objectives.

In the justification of the research, the author(s) should address the fundamental question: why the work is important.

In the research background, the author(s) should clearly describe the related previous studies. Usually, citations are required in this part, and the citation should follow the numbering system, for examples, the author(s) may write: Ref. [1] had discussed this issue in brief or Refs. [2–5]. However, at the beginning of a sentence, it should be written “Reference [1] ...”

Finally, the Introduction should be closed with a paragraph describing the contribution of the present work.

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II. METHODS

The most important thing in this section is that the author(s) should provide sufficient detail so that the reader can reproduce the work. If the work involves an experiment, then the author(s) should explain the related equipment, material, and method. If the work involves modeling, the author(s) should describe the assumptions, mathematical tools, and method. If the work involves computational, then the author(s) should clearly describe the input, computational tools, and method.

III. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

The author(s) is recommended to present their results according to the level of importance of their findings. The author(s) should begin with discussion with the most important results.

A. Equation, Figure, and Table

Number equations consecutively with equation numbers in parentheses flush to the right margin, as in the following,

$$\exp(jx) = \frac{\cos(x) + j\sin(x)}{2}. \quad (1)$$

To make your equations more compact, you may use the solidus (/) and the exp function, etc. Italicize Roman symbols for quantities and variables, but not Greek symbols. Use parentheses to avoid ambiguities in denominators. Punctuate equations with commas or periods when they are part of a sentence, as in Eq. (1).

Symbols in your equation should be defined before the equation appears or immediately following. Cite equations using “Eq. (1)”, except at the beginning of a sentence: “Equation (1) is ”

Examples of figure and table are shown in Fig. 1 and in Table I. The figure should be in high quality

with readable font size for text and label. CommIT journal prefers vector graphics figure in pdf or eps. CommIT journal may also ask you to surrender the data associated with your figure such that the journal can reproduce your figure in accordance to the journal standard. For the case of table, you should avoid to

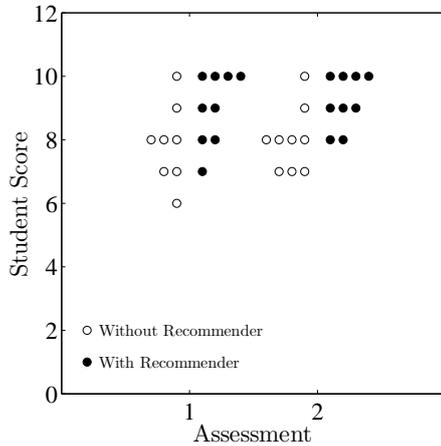


Fig. 1. Figure and table captions should clearly describe the figure or table contents. The reader should be able to understand the figure or table contents without consulting the text body.

TABLE I
THIS IS AN EXAMPLE OF THE TABLE CAPTION. THE CAPTION SHOULD CLEARLY EXPLAIN THE TABLE CONTENTS.

Time (s)	Stresses on a Human Muscle	
	Maximum (MPa)	Minimum (MPa)
1.0		
2.0		
3.0		
...		

use vertical separating line. Table should be complete with measurement unit.

IV. CONCLUSIONS

The conclusion goes here.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

The following list of references should be followed closely and accurately. We provide examples on how to cite books, journal articles, and so on. Use *et al.* when three or more names of authors. See Ref. [1] for how to cite a book. See Ref. [2] for how to cite handbook. See Ref. [3] for conference article, and Ref. [4] for journal article. For complete examples, you should refer to IEEE Citation Reference: <http://www.ieee.org/documents/ieeecitationref.pdf>. More than 80% of the references should be from recent journal publications and/or conferences.

REFERENCES

- [1] J. K. Author, "Title chapter in the book," in *Title of His Published Book*, xth ed. City of Publisher, Country if not USA: Abbrev. of Publisher, year, ch. x, sec. x, pp. xxx-xxx.
- [2] *Name of Manual/Handbook*, x ed., Abbrev. Name of Co., City of Co., Abbrev. State, year, pp. xxx-xxx.
- [3] J. K. Author, "Title of report," Abbrev. Name of Co., City of Co., Abbrev. State, Rep. xxx, year.
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- [5] S. E. Black and L. M. Lynch, "How to compete: the impact of workplace practices and information technology on productivity," *Review of Economics and statistics*, vol. 83, no. 3, pp. 434–445, 2001.